

TEST 1

I. Pick out the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest

1. a. door b. floor c. cool d. chore
2. a. decide b. mile c. kind d. sitting
3. a. mystery b. sky c. type d. apply
4. a. climb b. bound c. abroad d. blind
5. a. pools b. trucks c. umbrellas d. workers

II. Choose the correct words or phrases

6. By the end of next month, we _____ our English course.
a. have completed b. will be completed
c. will have completed d. completed
7. If you had worked harder, you _____.
a. will not be sacked b. are not sacked
c. will not have been sacked d. would not have been sacked
8. It was _____ we could not go out.
a. such cold that b. so cold that c. very so cold d. too cold that
9. Nobody can prevent us from _____ good things.
a. do b. doing c. did d. done
10. Mr. Pike _____ English at our school for 20 years before he retired last year.
a. is teaching b. was teaching c. has been teaching d. had been teaching
11. You should be responsible _____ what you have done.
a. of b. for c. with d. on
12. No longer _____ clean the floor. I have just bought a vacuum cleaner.
a. do I have to b. I do have to c. I have to d. have I to do
13. People do exercise _____.
a. keeping fit b. making fit c. to keep fit d. to make them fix
14. I never forget _____ I went to school.
a. the time first which b. what the first time c. that the time d. the first time when
15. Mary enjoys _____ crossword puzzles when she has free time.
a. making b. doing c. taking d. getting

III. Complete each sentence with the correct form of the word given in the brackets

16. If you want to get _____ in life, you should work harder. (achieve)
17. The roads in our town are being _____. (wide)
18. Thank you for your clear _____. I can understand the lesson thoroughly. (explain)
19. The boring film made Tom fall _____. (sleep)
20. _____ the boy got lost on the way home. (Luck)
21. The _____ of the traffic prevented him from sleeping last night. (noisy)
22. The _____ of nature is at risk. (beautify)
23. Both the US and Russia continue their _____ of the moon. (explore)
24. Vietnam is an _____ country. (agriculture)
25. _____ is one of the biggest businesses in the world. (Advertise)

IV. Fill in each numbered blank with ONE suitable word

The search (26) _____ alternative sources of energy has led in various directions. Many communi- ties are burning garbage (27) _____ other biological waste products to produce electricity. Converting waste products to gases or oil (28) _____ also an efficient way to dispose of waste.

Experimental work is being done to derive synthetic fuels (29) _____ coal, oil, shale and coal tars. However that process (30) _____ proved to be expensive. Other experiments that are underway to harness power with giant windmills are also (31) _____ tested.

Some experts expect utility companies to receive hydroelectric power (32) _____ from streams and rivers. Fifty years (33) _____ hydroelectric power provided one third of the electricity used in the United States, but today it supplies only four percent. The oceans are another potential sources of energy. Scientists are studying ways to convert the energy of ocean currents, tides and waves (34) _____ electricity. Experiments are also underway to make use (35) _____ temperature differences in ocean water to produce energy.

V. Read the passage carefully and then choose the correct answers.

Nowadays many products are nearly identical to one another in quality and price. If products are almost the same, what makes consumers buy one brand instead of another? Although we may not like to admit it, commercials on television and advertisements in newspapers and magazines probably influence us much more than we think they do.

Advertising informs consumers about new products available on the market. It gives us information about everything. However; there is one problem with this. The "information" is actually very often misinformation. It tells us the products benefits but hide their disadvantages. Advertising not only leads us to buy things that we do not need or cannot afford but also confuses our sense of reality.

Advertisers use many methods to get us to buy their products. One of their most successful methods is to make us feel dissatisfied with ourselves and our imperfect lives. They get psychologists to study the way consumers think and their reasons for choosing one brand instead of another. Psychologists have found that certain colors on the package of an attractive product will cause people to reach out and take that package instead of buying an identical product with different colors. Also, certain words attract our attention. For example, the words "new", "improved", "natural", and "giant size" are very popular and seem to draw our eyes and hands toward the package.

Many consumers believe that advertising does not affect them. They feel that they have freedom of choice, and they like to think they make wise choices. Unfortunately, they probably do not realize the powerful effect of advertising. Every year, advertisers spend billions of dollars in aggressive competition for consumers money and they are very successful.

36. Advertising _____.
- a. always tells consumers about the truth of the products
 - b. always tells consumers about the disadvantages of the products
 - c. informs consumers about new products available on the market
 - d. have no effect on consumers selection
37. Advertisers _____.
- a. do not like competition
 - b. are very honest to advertise their products
 - c. always introduce good product
 - d. spend a lot of money on advertisements
38. When buying a product, consumers are influenced by _____.
- a. colors and words on the package
 - b. the psychologists
 - c. the competition
 - d. all are correct
39. To many consumers, _____
- a. they admit that advertising have affected them
 - b. they believe that advertising does not affect them
 - c. they spend billions of dollars for advertising
 - d. they enjoy advertisements crazily
40. Advertisers have psychologists study _____.
- a. consumers' thoughts and their reasons for choosing one brand instead of another
 - b. products' disadvantages
 - c. aggressive competition
 - d. money for advertisements

VI. Rewrite the sentences as directed without changing the original meaning

41. "I'm very busy. I'll ring you tomorrow," he said.
→ He told me _____
42. John could do his homework because his sister helped him.
→ Without _____
43. I usually drive to work, but today I go by bus.
→ Instead _____
44. Mary will be happy to give you a hand.
→ Mary does not mind _____
45. Their knowledge of English is limited.
→ They _____
46. He could not sleep because the traffic was noisy.
→ The noise _____

47. More people live in New York than in Washington.
→ Not so _____
48. The police started investigating the case a week ago.
→ The police have _____
49. We never intended to travel abroad.
→ We never had _____
50. Immediately after his arrival, things went wrong.
→ No sooner _____

VII. Use the given words and phrases to make the meaningful sentences. Necessary changes can be made

51. mysteries / seem / beyond / understanding.
52. Peter / regret / not attend / lecture / last week.
53. time / train / leave / passengers / board.
54. we / upset / because of / failure.
55. policeman / talk / man / car / damage / accident.
56. I / spare time / read.
57. despite / enthusiasm / he / not succeed.
58. more / we / travel / learn.
59. mathematics / play / part / lives.
60. if / Peter / money / lend / you.

TEST 2

I. Pick out the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest

1. a. climb b. limb c. lime d. crime
2. a. garage b. storage c. shortage d. encourage
3. a. ticked b. looked c. booked d. naked
4. a. shelf b. knife c. of d. leaf
5. a. dry b. carry c. bury d. lorry

II. Choose the correct words or phrases

6. Solar heat penetrates more deeply into water than _____.
a. it is penetrating into the soil b. it does into the soil
c. does it into soil d. that it does into soil
7. During the past two days, I _____ ten chapters.
a. read b. have read c. was reading d. had read
8. Neither Peter nor his parents _____ going to spend the summer abroad.
a. is b. are c. was d. has been
9. California, with the population of more than 23 million, is _____ populous state in the US.
a. as b. more c. most d. the most
10. I cannot help _____ anxious about the exam results.
a. to feel b. feel c. feeling d. felt
11. It is essential that every student _____ to learn English at university.
a. to have b. have c. has d. had
12. _____ hard I have ever work I do not get good salary.
a. If b. However c. Nevertheless d. Provided that
13. Peter sometimes helps me _____ my homework.
a. to do b. do c. with d. all are correct
14. Earthworms breathe through their skin _____ must be kept moist.
a. which b. for which c. who d. whom
15. Let's go out for a drink, _____.
a. shall we b. do we c. do us d. let us

III. Complete each sentence with the correct form of the word given in the brackets

16. Some people consider mountain climbing is a dangerous _____. (act)
17. He felt _____ when he learnt that he had failed his exam again. (courage)
18. AIDS is one of the most dangerous _____ diseases of our time. (infect)
19. The engineer is doing his research with great _____ (please)

20. We appreciate the _____ of his writings. (excellent)
21. Astronauts can stand _____ when they are in outer space. (weigh)
22. A finished motion picture is the work of the _____ of many individuals. (collaborate)
23. Scientists and engineers have become key figures in our industrial _____. (social)
24. Advertising is one of the most _____ businesses. (compete)
25. UFO stands for Unidentified _____ Object. (fly)

IV. Fill in each numbered blank with ONE suitable word

(26) _____ the World Wide Web, computer users can find many medical facts (27) _____ beliefs. Their availability can improve world health : people may change (28) _____ attitudes about healthcare when they get information in clear language (29) _____ their own research. Then they can make better medical decisions. (30) _____, the information (31) _____ the Internet may not always be accurate or helpful to all individuals. There may even be fraudulent claims (32) _____ products to increase sales. Is it realistic (33) _____ expect real solutions to difficult health problems (34) _____ a computer? Maybe it is; maybe it is (35) _____.

V. Read the passage carefully and then answer the questions

Water pollution, contamination of streams, lakes, underground water, bays, or oceans by substances, is harmful to living things.

Water is necessary to life on earth. All organisms contain it; some live in it; some drink it. Plants and animals require water that is moderately pure, and they cannot survive if their water is loaded with toxic chemicals or harmful micro-organisms. If severe, water pollution can kill large numbers of fish, birds, and other animals, in some cases it may kill all members of a species in an affected area. Pollution makes streams, lakes, and coastal waters unpleasant to look at, to smell, and to swim in. Fish and shellfish harvested from polluted waters may be unsafe to eat. People who ingest polluted water can become ill, and, with prolonged exposure, may develop cancers or get children with birth defects. The major water pollutants are chemical, biological, or physical materials that degrade, water quality.

Oil and chemicals derived from oil are used for fuel, lubrication, plastics manufacturing, and many other purposes. These petroleum products get into water mainly by means of accidental spills from ships, tanker trucks, pipelines, and leaky underground storage tanks. Many petroleum products are poisonous if ingested by animals, and spilled oil damages the feathers of birds or the fur of animals, often causing death. In addition, spilled oil may be contaminated with other harmful substances.

Chemicals used to kill unwanted animals and plants may be collected by rainwater and carried into streams, especially if these substances are applied too lavishly. Some of these chemicals are biodegradable and quickly decay into harmless or less harmful forms, while others are non-biodegradable and remain dangerous for a long time.

Heavy metals, such as copper, lead, mercury, and selenium, get into water from many sources, including industries, automobile exhaust, mines, and even natural soil. Like pesticides, heavy metals become more concentrated as animals feed on plants and are consumed in turn by other animals. When they reach high levels in the body, heavy metals can be immediately poisonous, or can result in long-term health problems similar to those caused by pesticides and herbicides. Hazardous wastes are chemical wastes that are toxic, reactive, corrosive, and ignitable. If improperly treated or stored, hazardous wastes can pollute water supplies. In 1969 the Cuyahoga River in Cleveland, Ohio, was so polluted with hazardous wastes that it caught fire and burned.

36. What are the bad effects of polluted water on people?
37. What are the major water pollutants?
38. What are the bad effects of petroleum products on animals?
39. From which sources do heavy metals get into water?
40. What are hazardous wastes?

VI. Rewrite the sentences as directed without changing the original meaning

41. They believe that Mary will get the scholarship.
→ Mary _____
42. More butter is eaten in America than in Europe.
→ Not so _____
43. Alexander Fleming discovered penicillin and received the Nobel Prize in 1945.
→ Alexander Fleming, _____
44. He did not slow down but he drove faster.
→ Instead _____

45. I often spend thirty minutes doing homework.
→ It often _____
46. The singer is so famous that everybody admires her.
→ She is _____
47. The last time my father played tennis was in 1990.
→ My father has not _____
48. Bob is the most intelligent student in our class.
→ Nobody _____
49. She cannot have any more children because she is not young enough.
→ She is too _____
50. The journey lasted ten days.
→ It is a _____

VII. Use the given words and phrases to make the meaningful sentences.

Necessary changes can be made

51. as soon as / they / arrive / London / rain.
52. after / he / read / instructions / what / do.
53. motion pictures / broaden / awareness / lifestyles.
54. not / mistakes / again.
55. Gagarin / astronaut / travel / space.
56. virus / bacteria / small / microscope.
57. imagine / without / computer!
58. you / agree / me / solution?
59. although / smoking / harmful / stop.
60. laser beams / use / cancer treatment.

TEST 3

I. Pick out the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest

1. a. journey b. your c. mourn d. pour
2. a. along b. area c. attract d. aware
3. a. such b. much c. check d. champagne
4. a. here b. share c. there d. where
5. a. failed b. believed c. stopped d. solved

II. Choose the correct words or phrases

6. The driver of the car _____ in the accident was killed.
a. which was badly damaged b. who was damaged badly
c. whom badly was damaged d. that be damaged badly
7. We have a party tonight and Daisy is worried about _____.
a. what to wear b. which wearing c. that she wearing d. these wearing
8. I do not mind you using my bike _____ you take care of it.
a. if b. provided that c. on condition that d. all are correct
9. A dinner of fish and peas _____ to appeal the kids.
a. don't seem b. doesn't seem c. not seem d. seem
10. He does not save as much money as he _____ last year.
a. does b. did used c. did d. used
11. Geysers have been compares to volcanoes _____ they both emit hot liquids from below the Earth's surface.
a. due to b. because c. in spite of d. regardless of
12. _____ behalf of everyone working here, I would like to say thank you.
a. On b. In c. For d. From
13. It is _____ you to make your own decision.
a. out of b. for down c. on about d. up to
14. The guilty men were sent to _____ prison.
a. a b. an c. the d. no article
15. _____ sweets are not good for children's teeth.

- a. A b. An c. The d. no article

III. Complete each sentence with the correct form of the word given in the brackets

16. _____ is the Vietnamese traditional way of life. (farm)
 17. You should take care of yourself to prevent _____. (ill)
 18. Peter said that he never forgot his _____. (child)
 19. The patient felt _____. He did not have any energy. (weaken)
 20. This is a difficult problem. Is there any _____? (solve)
 21. The _____ system of our country is being improved. (educate)
 22. Steven is one of the most _____ film directors. (fame)
 23. There are several reasons for the enormous population _____. (grow)
 24. This is the most _____ novel that I have ever read. (interest)
 25. Farmers in the countryside lead _____ lives. (act)

IV. Fill in each numbered blank with ONE suitable word

CARE (Cooperative for American Relief Everywhere) was (26) _____ in 1945 to help people after World War II. It (27) _____ over one hundred millions food packages. Meanwhile, it started self-help programs. Today, it has development programs in thirty-seven countries.

CARE gives equipment and teaches people how to build water systems, roads, schools, houses and (28) _____ centers. It also teaches people how to increase (29) _____ on their farms, how to (30) _____ areas, and how to start small village industries.

Doctor and nurses (31) _____ to go remote villages. They provide health (32) _____ for the villagers. They also teach them how to (33) _____ their health. They train people to provide simple medical care.

CARE also provides food for about thirty million people each year and (34) _____ of them are children. It gives special help when there is a flood, an earthquake, a (35) _____, or a war.

26. a. made b. organized c. deleted d. undergone
 27. a. distributed b. parachuted c. overused d. improved
 28. a. health b. healthy c. healthful d. healthiness
 29. a. contribution b. collaboration c. consumption d. production
 30. a. recover b. reforest c. refresh d. restrain
 31. a. defend b. compete c. volunteer d. eliminate
 32. a. care b. beat c. limitation d. mention
 33. a. solve b. improve c. establish d. conserve
 34. a. almost b. either c. most d. altogether
 35. a. drought b. shower c. stream d. brook

V. Read the passage carefully and then choose the best answers

It is said that mathematics is the base of all other sciences, and that arithmetic, the science of numbers, is the base of mathematics. Numbers consist of whole numbers (integers) that are formed by the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 and by the combinations of them. For example, 247 – two hundred and forty seven - is a number formed by three digits. Parts of numbers smaller than 1 are sometimes expressed in terms of fraction, but in scientific usage they are given as decimals. This is because it is easier to perform the various mathematical operations if decimals are used instead of fractions. The main operations are: to add, subtract, multiply and divide; to square, cube, or raise to any other power; to take a square, cube, or any other root, and to find a ratio or proportion between pairs of numbers or a series of numbers. Thus, the decimal, or ten-scale, system is used for scientific purposes throughout the world, even in countries whose national systems of weights and measurements are based upon other scales. The other scale in general use nowadays is the binary, or two-scale, in which numbers are expressed by combinations of only two digits, a and 1. Thus, in the binary scale, 2 is expressed as 010, 3 is given as 011, 4 is represented as 100, etc. This scale is perfectly adapted to the "off-on" pulse of electricity, so it is widely used in electronic computers. Because of its simplicity it is often called "the lazy schoolboy's dream"!

36. The main topic of the text is about _____.
 a. numbers b. mathematics c. arithmetic d. binary
 37. Numbers which are smaller than integers are scientifically shown as _____.
 a. digits b. scales c. cubes d. decimals
 38. According to the passage, mathematical operations include: _____.
 a. to add, subtract, multiply and divide
 b. to square, cube, or raise to any other power

- c. to take a square, cube, or any other root, and to find a ratio or proportion between pairs of numbers or a series of numbers
- d. All are correct
39. The binary is a system _____.
- a. in which mathematics is the base of all other sciences
- b. in which numbers are expressed by combinations of only two digits, 0 and 1
- c. in which whole numbers are formed by the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 and by the combinations of them
- d. that every lazy schoolboy uses
40. What can be referred from the phrase "the lazy schoolboy's dream"?
- a. Electronic computers make mathematic operations easier for schoolboys.
- b. Lazy schoolboys dream of having an electronic computers.
- c. Using electronic computers make schoolboys lazy and sleepy.
- d. All are correct

VI. Rewrite the sentences as directed without changing the original meaning

41. Your house is the same as mine.
→ Your house is not _____
42. This computer programmer has a lot of things to do. He cannot go out for lunch.
→ This computer programmer has so _____
43. Mr. Pike has arranged for his son to study abroad.
→ Mr. Pike has made _____
44. You are so kind to help me with my troubles.
→ It is _____
45. I don't see my cat anywhere.
→ My cat _____
46. Helen likes camping on the pasture.
→ Helen is _____
47. It was ten years at the end of this month that Mrs. Pike started her teaching career in our school.
→ Mrs. Pike _____
48. We breathe a lot of polluted air and our health gets bad.
→ The more _____
49. "Excuse me for being late," Peter said to Dick.
→ Peter apologized _____
50. She insisted on being given a new dress.
→ Nothing but _____

VII. Use the given words and phrases to make the meaningful sentences.

Necessary changes can be made

51. he / debt / result / prison.
52. Shakespeare / greatest / famous / English / playwright.
53. Lenin / leader / revolutionary movement / world / proletariat.
54. man / marry / sister / doctor.
55. computer / that / marvel / machine age / use / since 1946.
56. students / notes / carefully / attend / lectures.
57. without / pull / earth / we / weightless.
58. I / the fun / go fishing / Sunday morning.
59. people / money / bank / future / use.
60. labor-saving devices / women / free time.

TEST 4

I. Pick out the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest

1. a. surface b. face c. facial d. facing
2. a. device b. advice c. practice d. mice
3. a. liberation b. library c. limit d. lip

4. a. choose b. lose c. whose d. loose
 5. a. protects b. kicks c. misses d. stops

II. Choose the correct words or phrases

6. Technology plays a key role in _____ future.
 a. to shape b. shaping c. shaped d. shape
7. Some snakes lay eggs, but _____ give birth to live offspring.
 a. other b. the other c. others d. the others
8. These trousers need _____.
 a. clean b. to clean c. cleaning d. cleaned
9. Let's wait until the rain _____.
 a. stops b. will stop c. has stopped d. is stopping
10. I am right, _____?
 a. am not I b. don't I c. aren't I d. am I
11. We could not avoid _____ what they were talking about you.
 a. overhear b. to overhear c. overheard d. overhearing
12. My father sometimes _____ the washing up after dinner.
 a. washes b. takes c. makes d. does
13. I don't like hunting. - _____.
 a. Either do I b. I do, too c. Neither do I d. I don't neither
14. Your car is _____ more expensive than mine.
 a. many b. much c. far d. b and c
15. She is Vietnamese _____ birth but she was born in the US.
 a. by b. on c. from d. up

III. Complete each sentence with the correct form of the word given in the brackets

16. He could not hide his _____ for the interview. (anxious)
 17. Every _____ has made good preparations. (participate)
 18. Most of our furniture is in _____. (store)
 19. She gave birth to a _____ child. (health)
 20. Cheque cards have a _____ number. (specialize)
 21. I have ever dreamt of becoming a _____. (chemistry)
 22. It is a/an _____ memory. I'll remember it eternally. (forget)
 23. This tin opener is _____. Throw it away. (use)
 24. Barter system was _____ so people needed a monetary system. (satisfy)
 25. That company is in _____ difficulty. (finance)

IV. Fill in each numbered blank with ONE suitable word

One step beyond automated machines is the (26) _____ robot, the heart and brain (27) _____ which is the microcomputer. Unlike most automated machines, industrial robots can (28) _____ programmed to do a variety of tasks (29) _____ are usually accomplished by human factory workers. Like their human (30) _____, industrial robots can be switched from one job to (31) _____ and can be programmed to (32) _____ new tasks. Thus, robots have found their greatest use in assembling (33) _____ components. However, they are swiftly branching (34) _____ basic assembly operations to construction and mining, and their (35) _____ wonderful use of all is the exploration of oceans and outer space.

26. a. industry b. industrial c. industrialize d. industrialization
 27. a. of b. in c. from d. for
 28. a. to be b. be c. is d. being
 29. a. who b. whom c. whose d. that
 30. a. combination b. counterpart c. evaluation d. abolishment
 31. a. some b. any c. another d. others
 32. a. handle b. expose c. judge d. compare
 33. a. mechanic b. mechanical c. mechanics d. mechanization
 34. a. for b. onto c. from d. forward
 35. a. most b. best c. worse d. less

V. Read the passage carefully and then answer the questions

It is the environment in which we breathe that must have changed, and there is plenty of evidence that tells us it has. Plus, we also know that it is airborne pollutants and elements that usually cause asthma attacks and

other respiratory problems. Most people believe it is the air outdoors that presents us with the greatest risk. However, it is actually the air inside our houses, schools, and other buildings that is most harmful. According to the *American College of Allergies*, 50% of all illnesses is aggravated or caused by polluted indoor air.

Today's homes and buildings are built airtight, with energy-efficiency inside. Their airtight construction keep airborne pollutants trapped inside, nature's air cleansing agents outside. Is it any wonder that statistics for asthma problems began rising sharply around the same time that homes and buildings began to be built this way? In fact, a recent study found that the allergen level in super-insulated homes is 200% higher than it is in ordinary homes. Plus, according to *Scientific America*, a baby crawling on the floor inhales the equivalent of 4 cigarettes a day, as a result of the outgas of carpets, molds, mildews, fungi, dust mites, etc. Most people spend a lot of their time inside. In which case, indoor air is going to impact our health far more than outdoor air. Virtually, everyone is affected, especially asthmatics and others who are particularly sensitive to allergens and contaminants in the air. It is informed that 6 out of 10 houses and buildings are "sick", meaning they are hazardous to your health to occupy, as a result of airborne pollutants. In fact, every house and building is affected by the indoor air quality epidemic to one degree or another, regardless of how clean it may appear. Every home is filled with prime sources that contribute to mass quantities of airborne allergens and contaminants.

For instance, if your home looks really clean, you should ask yourself how it became that way. Did you use aerosols, floor and furniture polish, bleach, bathroom cleaners, etc.? If so, these products emit harmful chemical vapors into the air.

Increased ventilation is not the answer. A group of scientists recently discovered that increasing ventilation in a building did not reduce the number of symptoms.

36. What cause asthma attacks and other respiratory problems?
37. Why is 50% of all illnesses aggravated or caused by polluted indoor air?
38. Is it good to let a baby crawl on the floor? Why or why not?
39. Who can get asthma?
40. Can increasing ventilation in a building solve the problem?

VI. Rewrite the sentences as directed without changing the original meaning

41. They reported that the climbers got lost.
→ The climbers _____
42. Watching an international football match is wonderful.
→ I find _____
43. Women do not bear a lot of children any longer.
→ No longer _____
44. He cannot make himself understood when he speaks English.
→ Hardly _____
45. They can speak English and use a computer so they can easily get a good job.
→ Those who _____
46. How heavy are you?
→ What _____
47. John asked a worker to repair the roof.
→ John had a worker _____
48. I did not have his number so I could not call him.
→ Had _____
49. Tom regrets having lent her the money
→ Tom wishes _____
50. We haven't heard from him for ages.
→ We haven't kept _____

VII. Use the given words and phrases to make the meaningful sentences.

Necessary changes can be made

51. day / and / night / result / earth / spin / axis.
52. I / write / Tom / but / receive / no reply.
53. problem / some infectious diseases / solve / our time.
54. SARS / epidemic / threat / everybody / early / the 21st century.
55. democracy / not work / country / people / little schooling.
56. only / person / I / expect / see / my son.

57. women / the US / independent / than / those / other countries.
 58. computer / gather / information / purposes.
 59. I / no idea / scientific research.
 60. study abroad / my aim / life.

TEST 5

I. Pick out the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1. a. <u>k</u> itchen | b. <u>m</u> achine | c. <u>ch</u> icken | d. <u>ch</u> eat |
| 2. a. <u>al</u> low | b. <u>l</u> ow | c. <u>sl</u> ow | d. <u>fol</u> low |
| 3. a. <u>u</u> nit | b. <u>u</u> seful | c. <u>m</u> ute | d. <u>bu</u> ry |
| 4. a. <u>k</u> ind | b. <u>p</u> ink | c. <u>n</u> ice | d. <u>p</u> ine |
| 5. a. <u>l</u> ook | b. <u>bo</u> ok | c. <u>f</u> lood | d. <u>g</u> ood |

II. Choose the correct words or phrases

6. My mother has just bought _____.
- | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| a. two small round green discs | b. two green small round discs |
| c. small two round green discs | d. green two small round discs |
7. They ~a driving test at 9 o'clock tomorrow.
- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| a. have taken | b. have been taking |
| c. will be taking | d. will have taken |
8. The roads are slippery. It ~ heavily last night.
- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| a. must rain | b. must be raining |
| c. must be rained | d. must have rained |
9. You needn't always _____ about the pollution.
- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| a. to complain | b. complain | c. complaining | d. complained |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
10. When I was a child, I spent _____ of my time with my grandmother and aunts.
- | | | | |
|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
| a. almost | b. most | c. either | d. both |
|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
11. I remember _____ them somewhere in the city.
- | | | | |
|-----------|--------|---------|-----------|
| a. to see | b. saw | c. seen | d. seeing |
|-----------|--------|---------|-----------|
12. The cook needs two _____ of sugar.
- | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| a. sheets | b. slices | c. loaves | d. spoonfuls |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
13. You had better _____ harder or you will be sacked.
- | | | | |
|------------|---------|-----------|------------|
| a. to work | b. work | c. worked | d. working |
|------------|---------|-----------|------------|
14. I have not made _____ my mind yet.
- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| a. to | b. in | c. up | d. on |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
15. _____ apple a day, keep the doctor away.
- | | | | |
|------|-------|--------|---------------|
| a. A | b. An | c. The | d. no article |
|------|-------|--------|---------------|

III. Complete each sentence with the correct form of the word given in the brackets

16. They get married without their parents' _____. (approve)
 17. Our brains are at least 10,000 times more _____ than a computer. (complexity)
 18. It is not easy to get familiar with _____ customs. (region)
 19. He was sitting _____ in the armchair. (comfort)
 20. Skiing is a _____ sport. (season)
 21. The shop assistant gave an _____ smile to customers. (invite)
 22. Information _____ has made a great change to human life. (technologist)
 23. Please tell me the _____ of the word "society". (define)
 24. The United Nations _____ is an international one. (organize)
 25. To _____ people, money is all that they want. (practise)

IV. Fill in each numbered blank with ONE suitable word

Ever since human have inhabited (26) _____ earth, they have made use of various forms (27) _____ communication. Generally, this expression of thoughts and feelings has been in the form of oral speech. When there is (28) _____ language barrier, communication is accomplished through sign language in (29) _____ motions stand for letters, words, and ideas. Tourists, the deaf, and the mute have had (30) _____ resort to this form of expression. Many of these symbols of whole words are very picturesque and exact and can be used internationally; spelling, however. (31) _____.

Body language transmits ideas or thoughts (32) _____ certain actions, either intentionally or unintentionally. A wink can be a way of flirting or indicating (33) _____ the party is only joking. (34) _____ nod signifies approval, while shaking the head indicates a negative reaction.

While verbalization is the most common (35) _____ of language, other systems and techniques also express human thoughts and feelings.

V. Read the passage carefully and then answer the questions

Are you a compulsive spender, or do you hold on to your money as long as possible? Are you a bargain hunter? Would you rather use charge accounts than pay cash? Your answers to these questions will reflect your personality. According to psychologists, our individual money habits not only show our beliefs and values, but can also stem from past problems.

Experts in psychology believe that for many people, money is an important symbol of strength and influence. In addition, many people consider money a symbol of love. They send it to their family and friends to express love, or they buy themselves expensive presents because they need love.

According to psychologists, many people are compulsive spenders; they feel that they must spend money. This compulsion, like most others, is irrational - impossible to explain reasonably. Their pleasure in spending enormous amounts is actually greater than the pleasure that they get from the things they buy.

There is even a special psychology of bargain hunting. To save money, of course, most people look for sales, low prices, and discounts. Compulsive bargain hunters, however, often buy things that they do not need just because they are cheap. They want to believe that they are helping their budgets, but they are really playing an exciting game: when they can buy something for less than other people, they feel that they are winning.

Psychologists often use method called "behavior therapy" to help individuals to solve their personality problems. In the same way, they can help people who feel that they have problems with money: they give them "assignments". If a person buys something in every store he enters, for instance, a therapist might teach him self-discipline in this way: on the first day of his therapy, he must go into a store, stay five minutes and then leave. On the second day, he should stay for ten minutes and try something on. On the third day, he stays for fifteen minutes, asks the salesclerk a question, but does not buy anything. Soon he will learn that nothing bad will happen to him if he does not buy anything, and he can solve the problem of his compulsive buying.

36. What is the relationship between money spending and psychology?

37. According to psychologists, to many, people what can money express?

38. What is the real pleasure of a compulsive spender when he spends money for buying something?

39. What are the most interests to a compulsive bargain hunter?

40. What does "behavior therapy" mean?

VI. Rewrite the sentences as directed without changing the original meaning

41. His parents always make him study hard.

→ He _____

42. He plays the piano very well.

→ He is _____

43. "Where were you last night? I had called you three times but no one answered the phone" Tom said to Mary.

→ Tom asked _____

44. You needn't drive so fast. We have plenty of time.

→ There is _____

45. We should do something to prevent pollution.

→ Something _____

46. She burst into tears because of the bad news from her family.

→ The bad news _____

47. "Sorry. I'm late" Mary said to the chief accountant.

→ Mary apologized _____

48. It is not a habit of mine to drive to the left of the road.

→ I am _____

49. Peter, is the best player in our school team.

→ No one _____

50. He is a good teacher. All his pupils admire him.

→ He teaches so _____

VII. Use the given words and phrases to write about Michael Faraday. Necessary changes can be made

51. Faraday / born /1791/ Newington.
52. father / blacksmith / poor / not send / him / school.
53. work / bookbinder's shop / where / interested / books on science.
54. 1812 / work / assistant / Humphry Davy / laboratory.
55. at first / glassware / but later / important work / do.
56. laboratory / receive / training / become / great scientist.
57. generator / most / important / invention.
58. make / discoveries / electricity / chemistry.
59. among / them / benzen / use / manufacture / dyes / perfumes / explosives.
60. die /1867.

TEST 1

- I.** 1. c 2. d 3. a 4. a 5. b
- II.** 6. c 7. d 8. b 9. b 10. d 11. b 12. a 13. c 14. d 15. b
- III.** 16. achievement 19. asleep 22. beauty 25. Advertising
 17. widened 20. Unluckily 23. exploration
 18. explanation 21. noise 24. agricultural
- IV.** 26. for 28. is 30. has 32. derived 34. to / into
 27. and 29. from 31. being 33. ago 35. of
- V.** 36. c 37. d 38. a 39. b 40. a
- VI.** 41. He told me he was very busy and he would ring me the following day.
 42. Without his sister's help, John could not have done his homework.
 43. Instead of driving to work, I go by bus today.
 44. Mary does not mind giving you a hand.
 45. They do not know much of English.
 46. The noise of the traffic prevented him from sleeping
 47. Not so many people live in Washington as in New York.
 48. The police have investigated the case for a week.
 49. We never had any intention to travel abroad.
 50. No sooner had he arrived than things went wrong.
- VII.** 51. There are many mysteries that seem to be beyond our understanding.
 52. Peter regretted not attending the lecture last week.
 53. It was time for the train to leave so all the passengers got on board.
 54. We were upset because of our failure.
 55. The policeman was talking to the man whose car had been badly damaged in the accident.
 56. I often spend my spare time reading books.
 57. Despite his enthusiasm, he did not succeed.
 58. The more we travel, the more we learn.
 59. Mathematics plays an important part in our lives.
 60. If Peter had enough money, he would lend you some.

TEST 2

- I.** 1. b 2. a 3. d 4. c 5. a
- II.** 6. b 7. b 8. b 9. d 10. c 11. b 12. b 13. d 14. a 15. a
- III.** 16. activity 19. pleasure 22. collaboration 25. Flying
 17. discouraged 20. excellence 23. society
 18. infectious 21. weightlessness 24. competitive
- IV.** 26. on 28. their 30. However 32. about 34. from
 27. and 29. through 31. on 33. to 35. not
- V.** 36. People who ingest polluted water call become ill, and, with prolonged exposure, may develop cancers or get children with birth defects.
 37. The major water pollutants are chemical, biological, or physical materials that degrade water quality.
 38. They damage the feathers of birds or the fur of animals, even cause death.
 39. Heavy metals, such as copper, lead, mercury, and selenium, get into water from many sources, including industries, automobile exhaust, mines, and even natural soil.

40. Hazardous wastes are chemical wastes that are toxic, reactive, corrosive, and ignitable.
- VI.** 41. Mary is believed to get the scholarship.
 42. Not so much butter is eaten in Europe as in America.
 43. Alexander Fleming, who discovered penicillin, received the Nobel Prize in 1945.
 44. Instead of slowing down, he drove faster.
 45. It often takes me thirty minutes to do homework.
 46. She is such a famous singer that everybody admires her.
 47. My father has not played tennis since 1990.
 48. Nobody in our class is as intelligent as Bob.
 49. She is too old to have any more children.
 50. It is a ten-day journey.
- VII.** 51. As soon as they arrived London it began to rain.
 52. After he had read the instructions carefully, he knew what to do.
 53. Motion pictures have broadened viewers' awareness of different lifestyles.
 54. Don't make these mistakes again.
 55. Gagarin was the first astronaut that traveled into space.
 56. Virus and bacteria are so small that we cannot see them without a microscope.
 57. Imagine what would happen to our modern time without computers!
 58. Do you agree with me about this solution?
 59. Although people know that smoking is harmful, not many of them want to stop smoking.
 60. Laser beams can be used for cancer treatment.

TEST 3

- I.** 1. a 2. b 3. d 4. a 5. c
- II.** 6. a 7. a 8. d 9. b 10. c 11. b 12. a 13. d 14. d 15. d
- III.** 16. Farming 19. weak 22. famous 25. active
 17. illness 20. solution 23. growth
 18. childhood 21. education 24. interesting
- IV.** 26. b 27. a 28. a 29. d 30. b 31. c 32. a 33. b 34. c 35. a
- V.** 36. c 37. d 38. d 39. b 40. a
- VI.** 41. Your house is not quite different from mine.
 42. This computer programmer has so many things to do that he cannot go out for lunch.
 43. Mr. Pike has made arrangements for his son to study abroad.
 44. It is very kind of you to help me with my troubles.
 45. My cat is nowhere to be seen.
 46. Helen is fond of camping on the pasture.
 47. By the end of this month, Mrs. Pike will have taught in our school for ten years.
 48. The more polluted air we breathe, the worse our health gets.
 49. Peter apologized Dick for being late.
 50. Nothing but a new dress is all that she needs.
- VII.** 51. He could not pay his debt. As a result he was put into prison.
 52. Shakespeare was one of the greatest and most famous English playwrights.
 53. Lenin was the great leader of the revolutionary movement of the world's proletariat.
 54. The man who is going to marry my sister is a doctor.
 55. The computer that is the marvel of the machine age has been used since 1946.
 56. These students often take notes carefully when they attend lectures.
 57. Without the pull of the earth, we would be weightless.
 58. I have the fun of going fishing on Sunday morning.
 59. People save money in banks for future use.
 60. Thanks to labor-saving devices, women have more free time.

TEST 4

- I.** 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. d 5. c
- II.** 6. b 7. c 8. c 9. a 10. c 11. d 12. d 13. c 14. d 15. a
- III.** 16. anxiety 19. healthy 22. unforgettable 25. financial

17. participant 20. special 23. useless
 18. storage 21. chemist 24. unsatisfactory
- IV.** 26. b 27. a 28. b 29. d 30. b 31. c 32. a 33. b 34. c 35. a
- V.** 36. Airborne pollutants and elements do.
 37. Because today's homes and buildings are built airtight, with energy efficiency inside and their airtight construction keep airborne pollutants trapped inside, and natural air-cleansing outside.
 38. No. Because he or she may inhale the equivalent of 4 cigarettes a day, as a result of the outgas of carpets, molds, mildews, fungi, dust mites, etc.
 39. Everyone is affected, especially asthmatics and others who are particularly sensitive to allergens and contaminants in the air.
 40. No, it cannot.
- VI.** 41. The climbers were reported to get lost.
 42. I find it wonderful to watch an international football match.
 43. No longer do women bear a lot of children.
 44. Hardly can he make himself understood when he speaks English.
 45. Those who can speak English and use a computer can easily get a good job.
 46. What is your weight?
 47. John had a worker repair the roof.
 48. Had I had his number, I could have called him.
 49. Tom wishes he had not lent her the money.
 50. We haven't kept in touch with him for ages.
- VII.** 51. Day and night are the result of the earth spinning on its axis.
 52. I wrote to Tom three letters but up to now I have received no reply from him.
 53. The problem of some infectious diseases has been solved in our time.
 54. SARS is an epidemic that is a great threat to everybody at the early of the 21st century.
 55. Democracy may not work well in a country where the people have little schooling.
 56. The only person that I expect to see now is my son.
 57. The women in the US are more independent than those in other countries.
 58. A computer can gather a wide range of information for many purposes.
 59. I have no idea of doing scientific research.
 60. Studying abroad is my aim in life.

TEST 5

- I.** 3. d 4. b 5. c
II. 6. a 7. c 8. d 9. b 10. b 11. d 12. d 13. b 14. c 15. b
III. 16. approval 19. comfortably 22. technology 25. practical
 17. complex 20. seasonal 23. definition
 18. regional 21. inviting 24. Organization
- IV.** 26. the 28. a 30. to 32. by 34. a
 27. of 29. which 31. can't 33. that 35. form
- V.** 36. According to psychologists, our individual money habits not only show our beliefs and values, but can also stem from past problems.
 37. According to psychologists, to many people, they consider money a symbol of love, strength, and influence.
 38. Their real pleasure is spending enormous amounts.
 39. They are sales, low prices, and discounts.
 40. It is a psychological method to help individuals to solve their personality problems.
- VI.** 41. He is always made to study hard by his parents.
 42. He is a very good pianist.
 43. Tom asked Mary where she had been the previous night and added that he had called her three times but no one had answered the phone.
 44. There is no need to drive so fast because we have plenty of time.
 45. Something should be done to prevent pollution.
 46. The bad news from her family made her burst into tears.
 47. Mary apologized to the chief accountant for being late.

48. I am not used to driving to the left of the road..
49. No one in our school team can play as well as Peter.
50. He teaches so well that all his pupils admire him.

VII. 51. Faraday was born in 1791 in Newington.

52. His father, a blacksmith, was so poor that he could not send him to school.

53. He worked in a bookbinder's shop where he became interested in books on science.

54. In 1812, Faraday worked as an assistant in Humphry Davy's laboratory.

55. At first he only washed glassware, but later he was given more important work to do

56. In the labortory Faraday received the training to become a great scientist.

57. Generator was Faraday's most important invention.

58. He made discoveries about electricity as well as chemistry.

59. Among them was benzen which is used to manufacture dyes, perfumes and explosives.

60. Faraday died in 1867.